

onsemi™

POWERED BY

OUR VALUES

***Code of
Business Conduct***



Driving technology breakthroughs
**that deliver on the promise of
a sustainable future.**



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onsemi™

Intelligent Technology. Better Future.

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Tagline

Intelligent Technology. Better Future.

Vision

Drive technology breakthroughs that deliver on the promise of a sustainable future.

Mission

We will push innovation to create intelligent power and sensing technologies that solve the most challenging customer problems. Our employees are inspired each day to increase stakeholder value through high quality and high value products and services.



INTRODUCTION

INTRODUCTION

Core Values

Our core values define who we are as individuals and as representatives of **onsemi**. We are a performance-based Company committed to profitable growth, world class operating results, benchmark quality and delivering superior customer and shareholder value. By putting our core values of integrity, respect and initiative into action, we each do our part in making our Company a great place to work.

Integrity

We mean what we say and we say what we mean. Our Company has set high standards for our products and individual conduct. Our reputation depends on the highest standards of ethical behavior. We are accountable for delivering our commitments on time with the highest quality. We address issues objectively, using facts and constructive feedback in a work atmosphere where we do not fear open discussion or questions. When a decision has been made, we work to support it. We comply with all legal requirements and hold ourselves to the highest standards of ethical conduct.

Respect

We treat each other with dignity and respect. We share information and encourage different views in an open and honest environment. We draw out the best in each other, recognizing that diversity of backgrounds and experience are key strengths. We all win when we support each other.

Initiative

We value people who demonstrate a positive, “can-do” attitude, while collaborating to win. We work intelligently, with a sense of urgency, while always maintaining our commitment to comply with applicable laws, regulations and standards. If a problem exists, we see it through to rapid resolution while acting in an ethical manner. Each of us is expected to demonstrate these core values in our roles at **onsemi**. These values apply equally to us all — employees and directors alike

Purpose of Our Code of Business Conduct

Our Code is a guide to help us adhere to our Company's high ethical standards — and our own. It summarizes many of the laws that apply to our jobs at **onsemi**. It also describes the ethical values we share. Of course, complying with the law is only one part of an ethical culture. We must also do business in a way that is consistent with our core values.

Our Code does not cover every situation that we might encounter in our daily business.

Instead, our Code highlights key issues and identifies policies and resources to help us make successful decisions for ourselves and for **onsemi**. We have a responsibility to know and follow all Company policies and procedures, including those referenced within our Code.

Responsibility and Accountability

As employees, officers and directors of **onsemi**, we each have a personal responsibility to read and abide by our Code and the law. We expect that our customers, suppliers, agents, consultants, licensees, contractors, service providers and other business partners will follow similar principles. Therefore, we may never ask any of these third parties to engage in any activity that we may not engage in ourselves. Wherever we do business, we are also expected to comply with all applicable laws, rules, regulations and standards. If a conflict exists between our Code and local law, follow the more stringent standard or seek guidance before acting. If you have any questions or concerns about suspected unlawful or unethical acts, check with your manager, supervisor, Compliance and Ethics Liaison (“BEL”) or the Chief Compliance Officer (“CCO”) or the Vice President, Ethics and Corporate Social Responsibility (“VP, Ethics and CSR”). If you are aware of an actual or potential violation of our Code or the law, you have an obligation to report

it promptly to your manager, supervisor, BEL, the CCO or the VP, Ethics and CSR. You may also report your concerns to any member of the Law or Human Resources Departments. If you prefer to report your concerns anonymously — where allowed by local law — you can submit a report using the Compliance and Ethics Helpline (“Ethics Helpline”).

In addition, **onsemi** is a member of the Responsible Business Alliance (RBA). Our membership means we are committed to the RBA Code of Conduct through all of our internal operations, as well as our supply chain. In particular, management and operations personnel are expected to review the RBA Code of Conduct and apply it in their respective areas of responsibility. The RBA Code of Conduct is available at <http://www.responsiblebusiness.org/standards/code-of-conduct/>.

Additional Responsibilities of Managers and Supervisors

All of us have an obligation to report suspected violations of our Code and the law. However, those of us in leadership roles have an added responsibility to prevent violations of our Code from occurring. Managers and supervisors are expected to perform according to our standards of ethical conduct, in both words and actions. If you are a manager or supervisor, you are responsible for promoting open and honest communications. You must be a positive role

model by showing respect and consideration for each of your associates. You must also be diligent in monitoring, reviewing and preventing unethical or unlawful conduct at **onsemi**. If you are a manager or supervisor who is aware of such conduct or who receives a report of such conduct, you must immediately notify the appropriate BEL, the CCO, the VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law or Human Resources departments.

Audits, Investigations and Disciplinary Action

Our Company investigates all reports of actual or suspected misconduct. Reported information will be treated as confidential, to the extent permitted by local law. Our CCO and the VP, Ethics and CSR, in coordination with the Corporate Internal Audit Department, may also perform audits of compliance with our Code, as necessary.

Violations of our Code and/or the law will lead to disciplinary action, up to and including termination.



HOW TO GET HELP

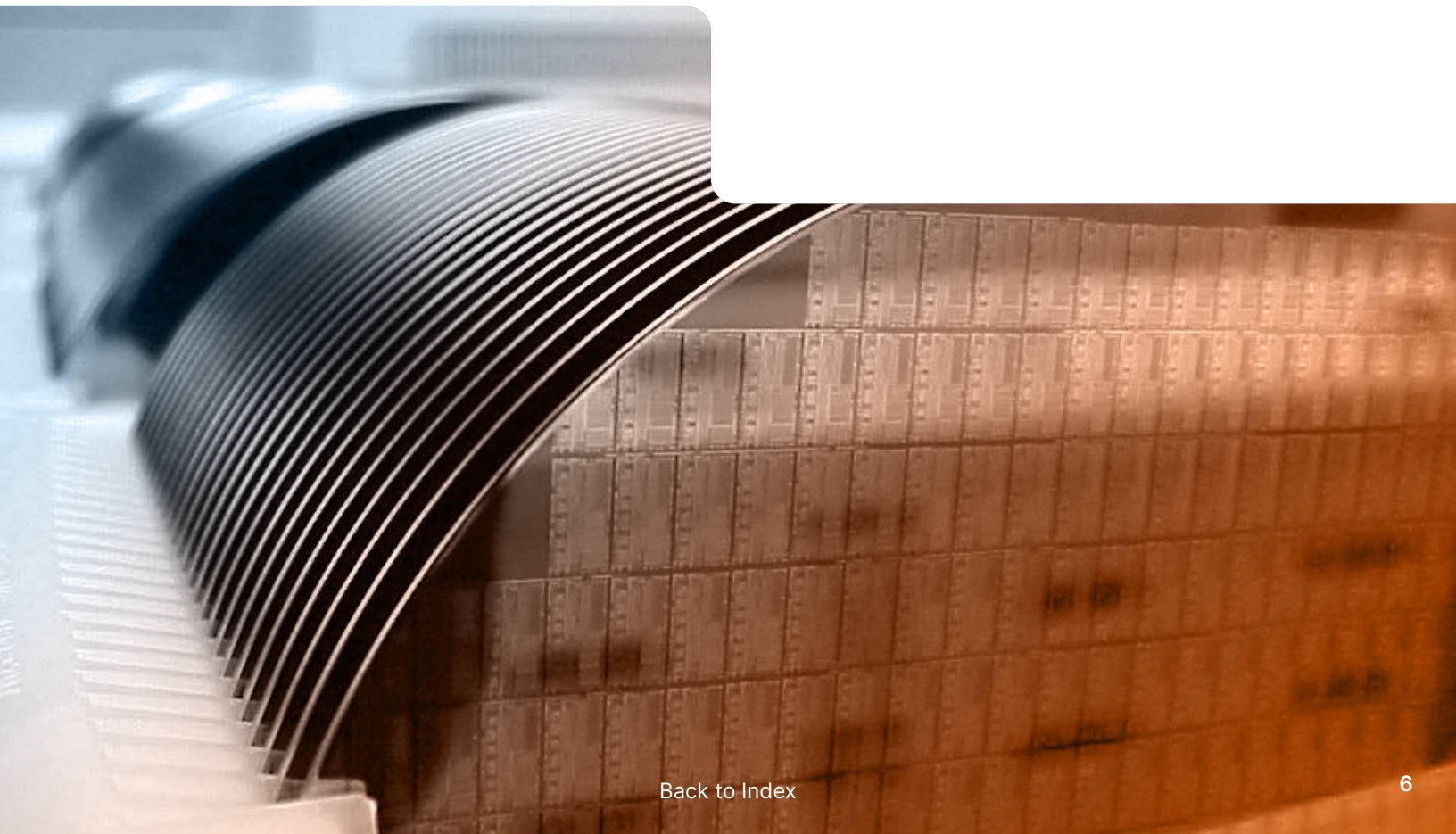
HOW TO GET HELP

Seeking Guidance

Seeking guidance and reporting concerns are important parts of maintaining our ethical culture. Our open door policy gives us the freedom to approach any level of management with our concerns. Our Company has also established the Ethics Helpline, which can be accessed by telephone or online. When using the Ethics Helpline, you can request to remain anonymous, where allowed by local law. All reports made in good faith will be treated promptly and professionally, and without risk of retaliation.

We should report any situation where we believe, in good faith, that an individual working for or on our Company's behalf is violating our Code, Company policy or the law. If you witness an actual or potential violation, please reach out to any of the following:

- Your BEL
- The CCO
- Any member of the Law or Human Resources Departments
- Your manager or supervisor
- The Ethics Helpline



Reporting Concerns

The Ethics Helpline is available by phone toll-free, 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Translators are available in all languages **onsemi** employees and directors speak. Alternatively, questions and reports may be made to the Ethics Helpline online at the web address listed below. Keep in mind that using the Ethics Helpline is subject to local laws and regulations.

The Ethics Helpline can be accessed in any country where we have a significant presence, provided that certain limitation may apply as required by local law. Any changes to procedures governing the use and operation of the Ethics Helpline will be communicated to all employees.

If you are unsure whether you have the most current information regarding the Ethics Helpline, please check with the CCO, the Law Department or your BEL for the latest update.

Ethics Helpline:

U.S.: 1-844-935-0213

All Other Locations:

See "Addendum" to this Code of Conduct for a detailed breakdown by country

Online: helpline.onsemi.com

CCO direct phone: 1-602-244-5226

VP, Ethics and CSR direct phone:
1-602-244-6888

No Retaliation

You should feel free to report any suspected violation of the law or the Code without fear of your employment being affected. Acts of retaliation against anyone who raises a concern in good faith will not be tolerated. (You make a complaint in "good faith" if you make an honest attempt to provide accurate information.) Any person who takes any action in retaliation

against you for making a good faith report will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination. Likewise, making reports you know to be false is also unacceptable, and may subject you to disciplinary action.

For more information, please see our [Non-Retaliation Policy](#).





SHAREHOLDERS

SHAREHOLDERS

At **onsemi**, we preserve the integrity of our assets, information and filings for the benefit of our shareholders.

Protecting **onsemi** Assets

We owe it to our Company and our shareholders to safeguard Company assets entrusted to us. We must protect these assets from loss, damage, misuse or theft. These include our funds, products and network and computer systems. We must use them only for lawful business purposes.

Although you may make occasional, incidental personal use of some of these resources, any such use must be kept to a minimum and must comply with our Company's policies.

onsemi may access and inspect all Company resources that you use for personal activity, such as computers, servers and systems, telephones, voicemail systems, desks, lockers, cabinets, vehicles and other equipment belonging to **onsemi**.

Further, you should not have any expectation of personal privacy with respect to any personal use. For instance, any messages or records created or transmitted via **onsemi** systems — including electronic documents, e-mail, voicemail, and instant messages — regardless of whether you have personal passwords or filings systems. For reasons related to safety, supervision, security and other concerns, **onsemi** may inspect persons and property on Company premises at any time and without notice, subject to applicable local laws.

Q: *I have worked on the same team at an **onsemi** factory for several years now, and my co-workers and I are quite close. However, I suspect that one of my co-workers may be stealing precious metals from our Company. At first, I noticed her pocketing some items from our supply closet. I didn't say anything at the time, because I didn't think it was a big deal. Now I am noticing that product counts are off. I can't say for sure that she's stealing them, but I have a feeling she might be. Should I report my suspicions, even if I'm not certain?*

A: Yes. If true, this violates our Code and the law. Even if your co-worker is not responsible for the missing materials, it is important to report her behavior to your manager, supervisor or BEL. That way, your co-worker can receive help, if needed, and our Company can avoid incurring much larger losses. Remember that you will not face retaliation for reporting your concerns in good faith.

Confidential and Proprietary Information

We all have a duty to safeguard our Company's confidential and proprietary information. We must mark such information accordingly, store it securely and limit access to those who have a business need to know it. This applies to third parties, as well as our fellow **onsemi** employees. In addition, we must take care not to discuss such information in public places where others may overhear. Confidential and proprietary information includes:

- Product or software designs, processes, techniques, compilations or formulas.
- Customer contracts and/or pricing information.
- Business proposals and/or responses to customer requests for proposal.
- Company budget Information and data.
- Non-public company financial data, analyses or reports.
- Engineering logbooks, notebooks, development folders, drawings, etc., relating to technical data generated for new products or processes.
- Market plans, product road maps, or risk evaluations.
- Press releases (prior to official announcements).
- Personnel files, personal employee information (salary data, private or family records, etc.) and medical records.
- Long-term business plans and strategic business plans.
- Computer passwords.

If you have a business need to disclose confidential and proprietary information to a third party, that third party must sign a nondisclosure agreement before receiving this information. We have a duty to protect such information at all times. In fact, our duty continues even after our employment ends.

Just as we expect others to respect our intellectual property rights, we must respect the rights of others. This means following licensing and other similar arrangements, as well as respecting others' rights in their confidential information, trade secrets or intellectual property. If you are uncertain whether you have the right to use or copy any software or other copyright-able material for your work (including open source software), please contact the Law Department.

For additional information, please refer to our [Classification, Marking and Protection of Proprietary or Confidential Information Policy](#). Please ask your manager or supervisor if you are not sure where to find those policies. See also the "[Crossing National Borders](#)" section of this Code regarding additional disclosure restrictions.

Q: *I In my role at **onsemi**, I have helped develop and implement new engineering processes that have improved the way we do business. I am proud of my contributions in this area, and would like to recommend these processes as a consultant for other companies. May I do this?*

A: No. Engineering and other processes are considered our Company's confidential proprietary information, and must not be shared outside of **onsemi**. Disclosing this information to third parties can damage our reputation and competitive standing. If you have any questions about what may be considered confidential proprietary information, consult your BEL, the CCO, the VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department before sharing. In addition, if you are considering outside employment, see the 11 "[Conflicts of Interest](#)" section of this Code for more information.

Privacy

We strive to protect the personal information of our employees, customers and other persons with appropriate safeguards. Those of us who have access to personal information must safeguard it from inappropriate or unauthorized use or disclosure and follow all applicable Company policies and security protocols for handling this information, as well as the privacy and data protection laws that apply to our work.

Just as we must protect personal information, we also have a responsibility to protect the data and confidential information of third parties. We must never use or disclose any third-party confidential information unless we have their express permission. You should consult with the Law Department or Human Resources before sending such information outside of the Company.

For more information, please refer to our [Privacy Policy](#).

Social Media and Internet Use

The Company acknowledges that its employees do explore and engage in social and online communities. We must approach the online worlds in the same way we do the physical one — by using sound judgment and common sense — and by adhering to the Company's values, Initiative, Integrity, and Respect. Whether or not an employee chooses to participate in an online social network, blog, wiki or any other form of online publishing or discussion is his or her own decision. The Company recognizes that emerging online collaboration platforms are changing the way individuals and organizations communicate and acknowledges the importance of participating in these online conversations. As such, we are committed to ensuring that all of us participate in online social media in the right way.

As part of our commitment to protecting confidential proprietary information — such as customer information, product information, trade secrets and other information not generally made available to the public due to its sensitive nature — we must never disclose confidential

proprietary information through our use of these sites. We must also ensure that we do not attribute personal opinions to our Company or post inappropriate or offensive material, or material that violates our Company policies. Examples of unacceptable messages attributed to or affiliated with our Company include:

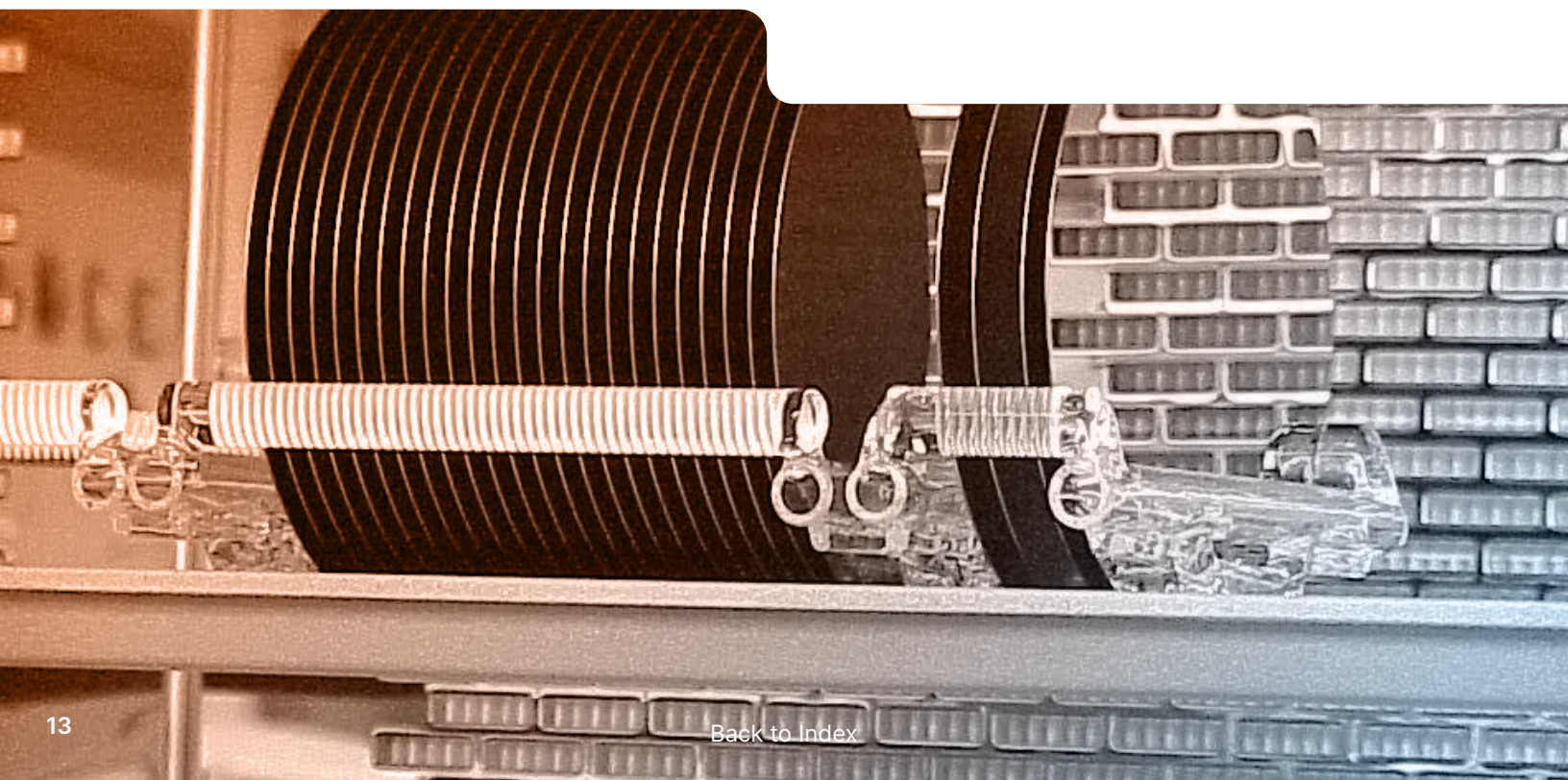
- Disparaging or slanderous remarks about **onsemi** or its directors, employees or stakeholders
- Disparaging or slanderous remarks about our competitors
- Statements based on race, creed, color, age, gender, physical disability or sexual orientation
- Statements about our Company's products or services that are inaccurate, misleading or untrue

For more information, please see our [Social Media Policy](#) and related policies. If you are unsure about where to find this policy, please ask your manager or supervisor.

Q: *I frequently participate in a number of social networking sites, where I indicate that I'm an employee of **onsemi**. I never use Facebook or LinkedIn while at work, and rarely talk about my job. Recently, after lengthy negotiations, I secured a large new contract with a well known organization for our Company. I posted on my Facebook that my hard work had paid off, and that I finally closed the deal with this organization. I also noted the organization by name, since they are publicly held, and my Facebook account is private. Is this okay?*

A: No. While engaging in social media can be a great way to create opportunities for our Company, we must never reveal **onsemi** confidential and proprietary information to people without a business need to know it. Even if your account settings on social networking sites are set to "private," chances are you are still sharing information with many people who don't have a business need to know it. By identifying yourself as an employee at **onsemi**, and disclosing a new deal that has not yet been made public, you are putting yourself and **onsemi** at serious risk. This information could be considered "inside information," which would violate securities laws in addition to our Company's Insider Trading Policy and Disclosure Policy. Additionally, the contract itself may be subject to confidentiality provisions that prohibit disclosure.

If you disclose confidential Company information through social media or networking sites, delete your posting immediately and report the disclosure to your manager or supervisor, BEL or the Law Department. For more information about what constitutes inside information, please see the following section.



Inside Information and Securities Trading

Through our work at **onsemi**, we may come across information about our Company or another publicly traded company that is considered inside information. “Inside information” is material, nonpublic information that an investor would consider important when making the decision to buy, hold or sell stock. Some common examples of inside information include:

- Unannounced acquisitions or divestitures
- Nonpublic information about our Company’s financial results
- Pending or threatened litigation
- Significant new product developments
- Changes in senior management

We are not allowed to trade in securities or similar investments based on inside information. Doing so is called “insider trading,” and is against the laws of many countries in which we do business. We must also avoid “tipping” others — or providing inside information to them so that they can make an investment decision based on inside information. Tipping is also illegal under insider trading laws.

For more information, please see our [Insider Trading Policy](#). If you have any questions about trading in **onsemi** stock, please contact the Law Department before you conduct any securities transactions.

Q: *I overheard an executive say that our Company is planning to sell a major business line. Am I allowed to buy or sell Company stock based on the information I overheard?*

A: No. We are not allowed to trade in onsemi securities based on inside information. In this case, the information you overheard is likely material, nonpublic information. If this occurs, you should contact the Law Department before any transactions involving **onsemi** securities. For more details, please refer to our [Insider Trading Policy](#).

Accuracy of Company Records

Our Company records form the basis for our financial reports and other public disclosures. Therefore, honest and accurate recording and reporting of information is crucial to making responsible business decisions. This includes business data, such as quality, safety and personnel records, as well as all financial records. As a public company, it is essential that the information we submit in our Company records is complete, timely, accurate and understandable. Incomplete or untimely records can damage our Company's reputation and subject **onsemi** and the individuals involved to legal liability.

All of our financial books, records and accounts must accurately reflect transactions and events. We must never make false or artificial entries. Further, we must always follow required accounting principles, as well as our Company's internal controls. For example, when a payment is made, it can only be used for the purpose spelled out in the supporting document. If you suspect any accounting or auditing irregularities or fraud, you should report them immediately.

Providing Financial Information

At times, we may be called upon to provide information for our public reports. Our Company expects us to take this responsibility very seriously. In doing so, we must provide prompt and accurate answers to inquiries related to our public disclosure requirements. Remember that

obtaining and providing complete and accurate business and financial information is crucial for us to comply with the law.

For more information, please see our [Disclosure Policy](#).

Special Responsibility

The Finance Department, certain Company officers and the directors of **onsemi** have a special responsibility to promote integrity within our Company. They are expected to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the public disclosures our Company provides. Because of this special role, the following individuals are required to know and understand the financial disclosure laws that apply to their work:

- Each member of the Board of Directors
- The principal executive officer
- The principal financial officer
- The principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions
- Each member of the Finance Department of **onsemi** Corporation and each of its subsidiaries

Violations of financial disclosure laws will be viewed as severe offenses that may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination. This includes failing to report potential violations by others. If you believe that a violation has occurred, contact the CCO, the

VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department. If you prefer to report on an anonymous basis, where allowed by law, you may submit a report to the Ethics Helpline. Remember, it is against Company policy to retaliate against anyone who makes a good faith report of violations.

Q: *One of my responsibilities at onsemi is entering customer order information. Recently, my manager asked me to make some adjustments to an order. Specifically, she told me to accelerate the recorded order date in order to boost this quarter's sales. It didn't seem normal to me, but I did as I was told. I shouldn't question my manager in this situation, should I?*

A: Yes, you should. If something doesn't seem right to you — even if your manager is the one asking you to do it — you should report the situation to a resource with which you feel comfortable such as your BEL, the CCO, the Law Department or the Ethics Helpline. In this case, your manager may be asking you to improperly record a customer order. This action compromises the integrity of our records and could put **onsemi** — as well as you and your manager — at risk of legal liability. By making a report, you are doing the right thing for yourself, for **onsemi** and for our shareholders.

Recording and Retaining Business Communications

At times, our business records and communications may become public. This can happen through litigation, government investigations or the media. In addition to ensuring our records are clear, truthful and accurate, we must also maintain their professional appearance. Avoid exaggeration, colorful language, guesswork, legal conclusions, derogatory remarks or characterizations of people and companies. This applies to communications of all kinds, including email and informal notes or memos. Records should always be managed in accordance with our record

retention and management policies.

On occasion, you may receive notice that documents you manage are needed in connection with a lawsuit or government investigation. If you receive such notice, you must not attempt to alter, conceal or destroy the relevant information. If you are unsure as to what information is relevant, contact the Law Department. For more information, please see our [Record Retention/Destruction Policy](#). Please ask your manager or supervisor if you are unsure about where to find this policy.



EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

At **onsemi**, we respect each other's dignity.

Constant Respect

As a global company, we value the diversity of individuals from around the world. Our Company understands that it takes a variety of opinions, ideas, beliefs and practices to be successful. We embrace these differences, and treat each other with respect and fairness at all times. To that end, we are committed to preventing practices such as forced labor and human trafficking. **onsemi** provides reasonable working hours, fair compensation, and humane treatment to everyone who performs work on our behalf. We expect our customers, suppliers and other business partners to follow these same principles. In doing so, we embody the core values upon which our Company operates.

In addition, **onsemi** does not tolerate discrimination. We only make employment decisions based on qualifications, talents and achievements — not on characteristics protected by law. Such characteristics include, but are not limited to race, religion, color, national origin, sex, gender, gender identity or gender expression, age, disability, marital status, sexual orientation, genetic information, military and veteran status or any other legally protected trait. We comply with applicable laws, regulations, standards and rules wherever we do business. This includes discrimination, child labor and wage and hour laws. We also provide reasonable accommodations as needed for those with disabilities and religious beliefs and practices.

Harassment Avoidance

Respecting each other as individuals also means we do not engage in harassing behavior. Harassment may be sexual or nonsexual in nature. It can be verbal, physical or visual, and its definition may vary from country to country. At **onsemi**, however, harassment is any conduct that has the purpose or effect of creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive environment. Common examples of harassment include:

- Derogatory comments, slurs or name-calling
- Unwelcome sexual advances

- Offensive or derogatory displays or gestures
- Assault, bullying, intimidation or unwanted touching

Regardless of the form it takes, abusive, harassing or offensive conduct is unacceptable at **onsemi**. If you are uncomfortable with a co-worker's conduct, you are encouraged to speak up. You may report harassment to your manager, supervisor or BEL, submit a report to the Ethics Helpline or contact the CCO. Keep in mind that **onsemi** will not tolerate any act of retaliation against you for doing so.

For more information, please see our [Human Rights Policy](#) and [Slavery and Human Trafficking Policy Statement](#)

Q: *Recently, my country of origin has been prominent in the news for its political struggles. Some of my co-workers have respectfully asked for my thoughts on the matter, which doesn't bother me. However, one co-worker has been making insensitive comments about my culture and stereotyping me based on what he's heard. When I don't respond to his insults, he says worse things. When I threaten to tell our supervisor, he tells me it's all in good fun and that I should lighten up. I feel like I can't win. What can I do in this situation?*

A: Your co-worker is harassing you, and it's putting you in an uncomfortable situation at work. You have already told your co-worker that his behavior is unacceptable — now you should take action and tell your supervisor, or another resource with which you feel comfortable. Don't let the offending co-worker talk you out of reporting his behavior. **onsemi** does not tolerate derogatory comments or bullying in the workplace, and will take appropriate action in all cases of harassment.

Safety and Health

Our Company is committed to keeping our workplaces free from hazards. We are each responsible for maintaining a safe work environment. We do this, in part, by following all safety and health rules and practices in place. When accidents or injuries occur, we have a responsibility to report them. The same applies to equipment, practices or conditions we believe are unsafe. If you suspect a potential health or safety issue, reach out to your local health and safety representative, or your BEL.

A safe, healthy environment is one that is also free of violence. We must never act in a way that is threatening or intimidating. Any violent or threatening behavior should be reported immediately to a supervisor, local security or Human Resources. If you or your co-workers are in immediate danger, contact the local authorities.

Finally, our Company is committed to a workplace free from the use of illegal drugs and the abuse of alcohol, which could prevent us from doing our jobs safely and effectively. Working under the influence of drugs or alcohol creates risks for us and our fellow co-workers. Therefore, we may not possess, distribute or be under the influence of illegal drugs or improperly used prescription medication while on Company premises, or when conducting Company business. Furthermore, we must not be impaired by alcohol while performing Company business.



CUSTOMERS AND CONSUMERS

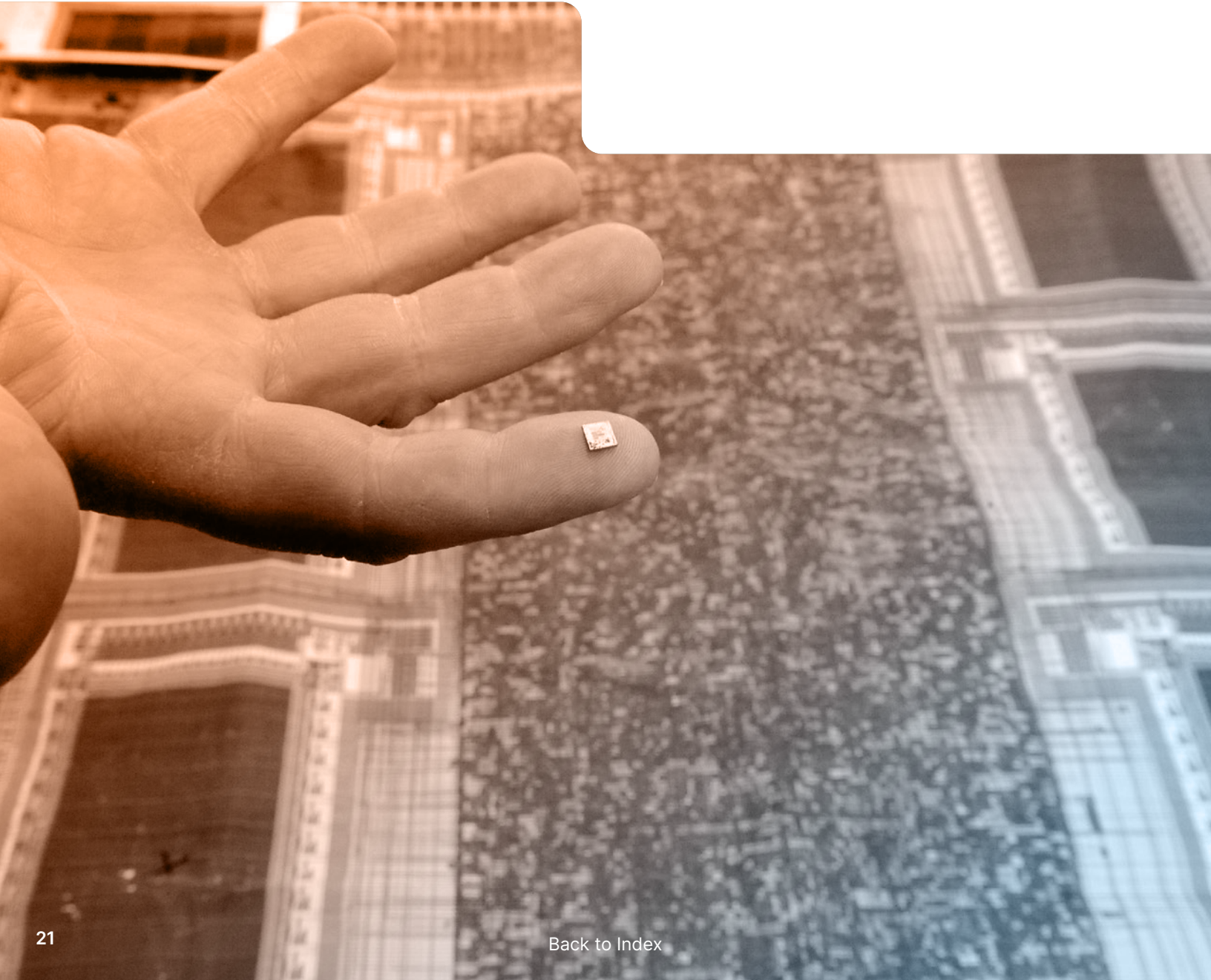
CUSTOMERS AND CONSUMERS

onsemi is driven to meet and exceed our customers' expectations.

Product Quality and Safety

We maintain our Company's valuable reputation by producing safe, quality products. We do so by following all quality processes and safety requirements in place in the locations where we work. We also comply with all applicable standards and regulations on the development, manufacture, sale and distribution of our

products. We damage our good name if we ship products or deliver services that fail to live up to our Company's high standards. If you have any questions or concerns relating to product quality and safety, you should consult your manager, supervisor or the Quality Department.



Sales and Marketing

We build long-term relationships with our customers through honesty and integrity. Therefore, our marketing and advertising must always be accurate and truthful. We never issue deliberately misleading messages or omit important facts about our products or services. In addition, we do not make false or disparaging claims about our competitors' offerings.

We deal fairly with our customers, as well as our suppliers and other business partners. We only obtain business legally and ethically. Bribes or kickbacks are never acceptable. For additional information about customer gifts, travel and entertainment, see the "[Conflicts of Interest](#)" section of this Code.

Customer Confidential Information

We protect the private information of our customers and consumers just as carefully as our own. Only those who have a business need to know confidential information should have

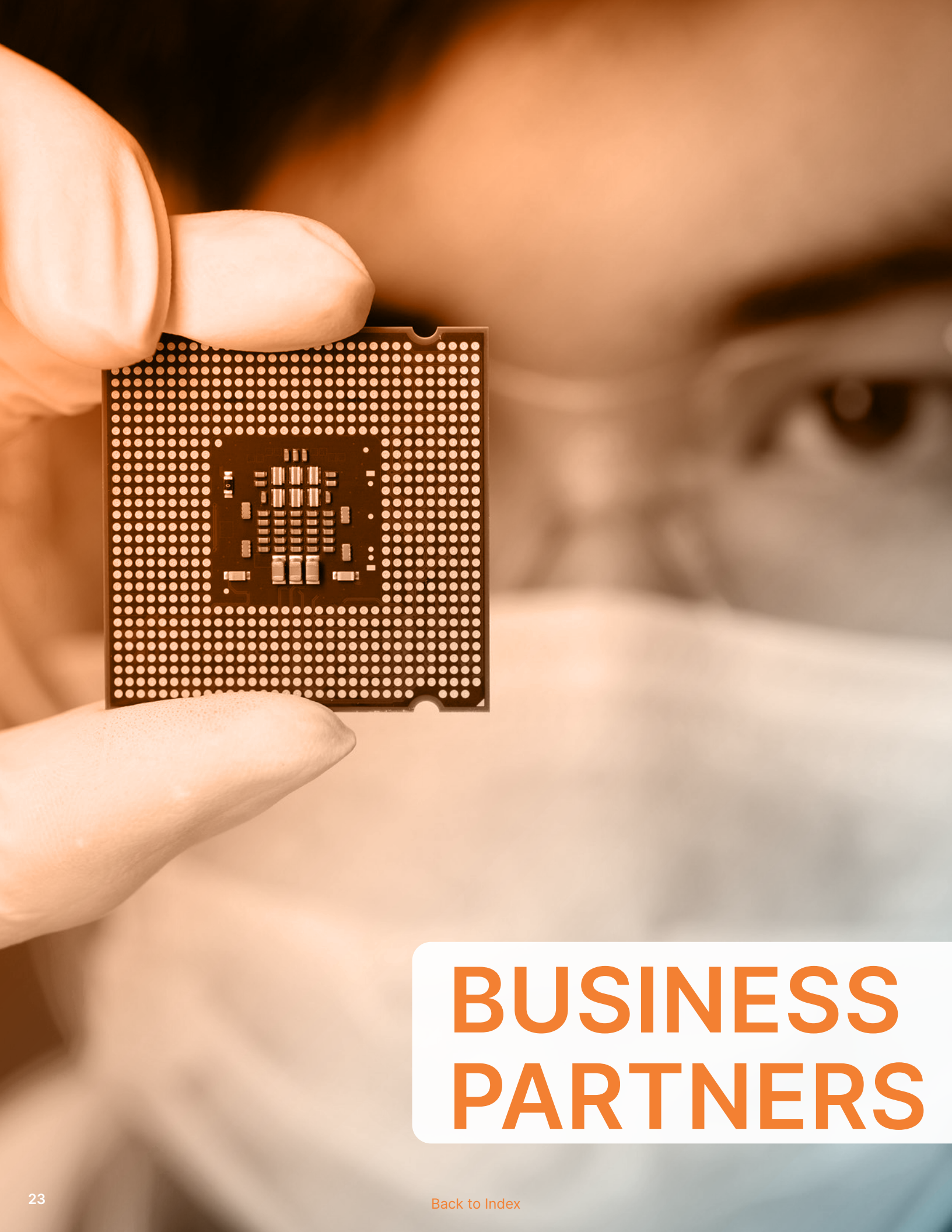
access to it. Never misappropriate or misuse such information. For more on this topic, see the "[Confidential Proprietary Information](#)" section of this Code.

Government Customers

When dealing with government customers, it is important that we abide by the laws, regulations and procedures that apply to government contract work. Such laws generally put strict limits on gifts, entertainment and travel offered to government officials. They also often apply to the hiring of current or recently retired officials and their families. Further, these laws govern any conduct that may create, or appear to create an improper influence. Many other laws strictly govern accounting and billing practices applied to the fulfillment of government contracts and subcontracts. We take care to

follow all such laws, complying with all of the legal and contractual obligations that apply to us worldwide. When we use suppliers or subcontractors to fulfill our commitments, we communicate these same requirements to them.

If you deal with government officials and contracts, you are responsible for knowing and complying with applicable laws and regulations. If you have any questions, please consult your manager, supervisor, BEL or the Law Department.



BUSINESS PARTNERS

BUSINESS PARTNERS

*Building quality relationships with other like-minded companies gives **onsemi** a competitive advantage.*

Doing Business with Others

We only conduct business with partners who enhance our reputation and add value for our shareholders. To this end, we seek to do business with companies whose values are similar to our own. We do not work with third parties who act in illegal or unethical ways. We expect our business partners to comply with local environmental, employment, safety and anti-corruption statutes. **onsemi** business partners are also expected to follow our Code.

Agents and Consultants

Our dealers, distributors, agents, finders and consultants are paid reasonable fees and commission rates. This means that the value of the product received, or the work actually performed is compensated fairly and without bias. We do not pay commissions or fees that we have reason to believe are or will become bribes.

Subcontractors

Subcontractors play a vital role in fulfilling many of our contracts. The subcontractors we choose must preserve and strengthen our reputation by acting consistently with our Code.

Joint Ventures and Alliances

onsemi only partners with companies that share our commitment to ethics.

Q: *I maintain relationships with several **onsemi** suppliers. I recently learned that one such supplier is under investigation for the improper disposal of hazardous materials. I then researched publicly available information and found that this particular supplier has been fined for similar practices in the past. I think it could be very damaging for our Company to continue this business relationship. What should I do?*

A: Your concerns are valid. It appears that this supplier has a history of behaving illegally and unethically. You are encouraged to report your findings to the head of our Global Supply Chain Organization, your BEL, the Ethics Helpline, the CCO or the VP, Ethics and CSR to help **onsemi** fully investigate the matter. After reviewing the facts, **onsemi** can decide whether to terminate the business relationship. In any case, you are doing the right thing by bringing your concerns forward.

Purchasing Practices

We make purchasing decisions based solely in the best interests of our Company. Suppliers win our business because of the quality of their products or services, prices, delivery and quality. We document all purchasing agreements and similar commitments. Those of us with purchasing responsibilities must also clearly identify all of the following:

- The services or products to be provided
- The basis for earning payment
- The applicable rate or fee

Keep in mind we only make payments that are equal to the services or products provided. Bribes will not be tolerated.

Business Partner Confidential Information

We protect business partner information that is sensitive, privileged or confidential just as we do our own. Confidential information should be shared only with those who have a legitimate

business need to know it. In addition, we expect our business partners to protect the confidential information we provide them.





COMPETITORS

COMPETITORS

We compete aggressively and with integrity.

Competitive Information

Our Company recognizes the value in obtaining information about our competitors. However, we must only use lawful and ethical means to gather such competitive information. This means that we never:

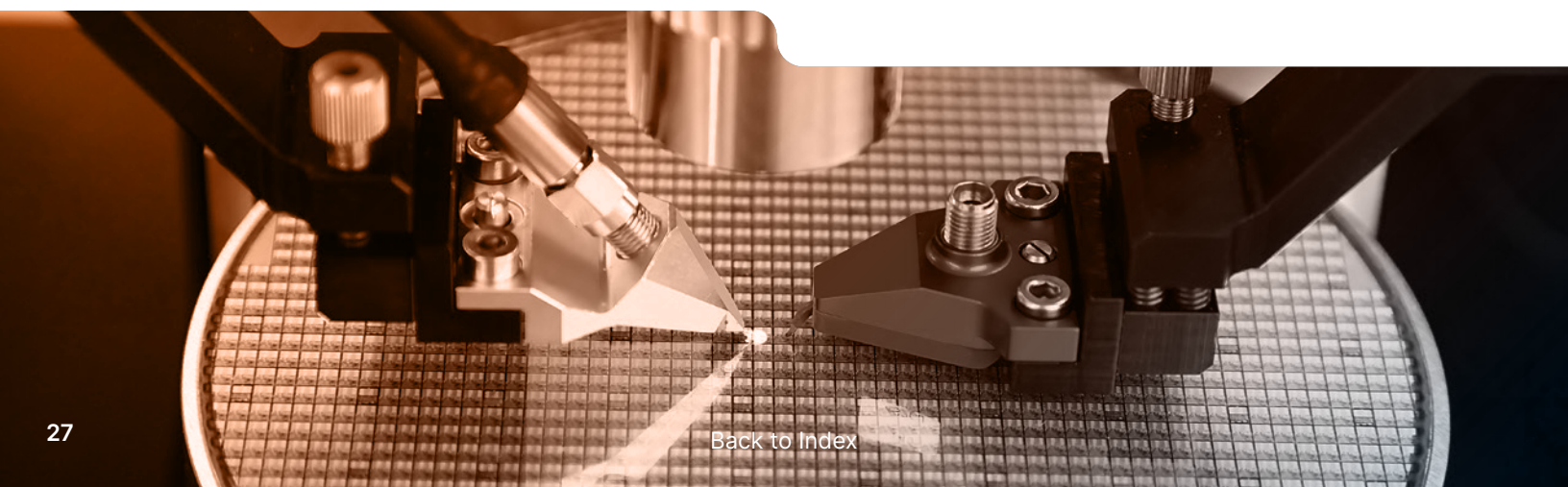
- Steal proprietary information
- Obtain trade secret information without the owner's consent
- Ask past or present employees of our competitors to share their companies' confidential information

- Misrepresent our identities or intentions to gain access to nonpublic information

If you come across the trade secrets or confidential information of another business, you should report it to your manager or supervisor immediately. Do not use or disclose it to others. If you have questions about whether information gathering is legal or ethical, please contact your manager, supervisor, BEL, the CCO, the VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department. You may also submit your questions using the Ethics Helpline.

Q: *I recently attended an industry conference, where representatives from many of **onsemi** competitors were present. The conference was held at a luxury hotel and resort across the country from where I work. When I went to the business center to print out my boarding pass for the returning flight, I overheard a few people discussing new product developments. I realized that they all worked for one of **onsemi** major competitors, and had no idea who I was. The information I overheard could be very useful for **onsemi**. What should I do?*

A: If you find yourself in a situation in which competitive information is being disclosed, don't sit and listen. Chances are, the information is confidential and you are not supposed to overhear it. Let the other parties know that you inadvertently heard them, and that they should resume their conversation in private. When you return from the conference, report the situation to your manager, supervisor or BEL for documentation. Most importantly, if the information was confidential, do not use or share the information you overheard. Doing so is unethical, and may be illegal.



Fair Competition and Antitrust

We comply with the “competition” or “antitrust” laws of the many countries where we do business. Competition laws exist to preserve free trade in the marketplace. They allow consumers access to quality products and services at fair prices. These laws are complex and vary from country to country. They generally prohibit entering into formal or informal agreements with competitors that restrict trade. These include:

- Allocating or limiting customers, contracts, territories or products and services
- Setting prices or terms of sale
- Limiting production or research and development
- Refusing to conduct business with, or “boycotting,” a customer or supplier
- Standardizing the features of available products or services
- Refraining from selling or marketing certain products or services
- Attempting to monopolize or eliminate competition

It is important to note that even the appearance of an agreement between competitors could violate competition laws. Exercise caution when attending trade associations or other meetings and events where **onsemi** competitors may be present. If a representative of a competitor attempts to discuss any of the above topics with you, stop the conversation immediately. Make it clear that you are not participating in any agreement with this competitor. Then, promptly report the incident.

If you have questions about competition laws, and how they apply to your work, please consult the CCO, the VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department.

Q: *I recently ran into a friend from college who now works for one of our competitors. She asks me about **onsemi** in a way that makes me think she might want to work here. She then surprises me by telling me that if our Company increased prices, her company would have room to charge more for their products as well. What do I do?*

A: First, stop the conversation. Make it clear to your friend that you won't be part of anticompetitive talks. Remember, even an informal understanding between competitors may be a violation of our Code, our policies and competition laws. Then, report the situation to the Law Department or CCO for follow-up.



COMMUNITIES

COMMUNITIES

onsemi is a responsible citizen in all the communities where we do business.

Community Service

We serve society by providing energy efficient innovations. In addition, we actively support the communities where we operate. We believe that giving back to our global communities strengthens our ethical culture and makes

onsemi a better place to work. To learn more about Company-sponsored programs and volunteer opportunities, please contact your local grant advisor ([see list here](#)) or email foundation@onsemi.com.

Personal Community Activities

In addition to the many programs and organizations **onsemi** supports, our Company encourages us to contribute to causes that are important to us as individuals. We are each free to support community, charity and political organizations and causes of our choice. However, we must make it clear that our views and actions are not those of **onsemi**. We must ensure that our outside activities do not

interfere with our job performance or harm our Company's reputation. If you choose to support an organization or cause, you may not pressure fellow co-workers to support or contribute to this cause. This is true whether the cause is political, religious or charitable in nature. In addition, never attempt to influence another **onsemi** employee or director to share or express your views.

onsemi Political Activities

Participation in political activities is a very sensitive and complex area, and strict laws govern our political activities as a Company. For this reason, **onsemi** does not make political contributions to individual candidates. As individuals, we may not use our Company's name, funds, employee work time, property, equipment or services to support individual candidates or to committees supporting or opposing individual candidates; make sure that your political views and activities are not

perceived as those of **onsemi**. Requests for political contributions to support political parties or committees, or to support or oppose ballot propositions or initiatives, should be referred to the CCO, the VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department. Lobbying activities or government contacts on behalf of our Company should be coordinated with the Head of Government Affairs Department in the Law Department.

Environment

We respect the environments in which we live and work. This means, in part, that we comply with all applicable environmental laws in all countries where we operate. Our Company is also committed to protecting our environment by minimizing the impact of our operations. We operate our businesses in ways that foster sustainable use of the world's natural resources. As employees and directors of **onsemi**, we support this commitment by complying with our Company's environmental policies and programs. If you suspect hazardous materials are entering

the environment, or are improperly handled or discarded, promptly notify your local Environmental Health and Safety representative. You may also contact your BEL, the Ethics Helpline, the CCO or the VP, Ethics and CSR to report such incidents.

For more information, please see our [Climate Change Policy](#).

Q: *I work in an **onsemi** manufacturing facility where I come into contact with hazardous materials. Our Company has very clear procedures outlined for the handling of these materials. However, when I stepped outside on my break yesterday, I witnessed two of my co-workers dumping these materials directly into a dumpster instead of following protocol. I can't imagine why they would do that. Should I tell someone?*

A: Yes, you should report what you observed immediately. What your co-workers are doing is not only dangerous, it is against the law. Hazardous materials are strictly regulated and must be disposed of properly. Doing otherwise puts our environment, our surrounding communities and our Company — including our fellow employees — at risk.

Communicating with External Audiences

It is vital to our culture and operations that we at **onsemi** speak with one voice. Doing so ensures professional and consistent communications across the globe. For this reason, only designated spokespersons are approved to respond to or communicate with outside parties — namely members of the media, industry analysts, financial analysts and investors. By having these spokespersons on hand, we avoid having our words taken out of context by reporters or other members of the media or other external organizations.

If you receive a request from the media for information, for an interview or to author a technical article or present a paper, you should forward the request to a member of the Media Relations team, who will handle the request or provide support and guidance. For more

details, please refer to our Media Relations site. Similarly, requests from financial analysts and shareholders should be forwarded to the head of Investor Relations. When it comes to external communications, we are each responsible for complying with our [Disclosure Policy](#).

We are expected to cooperate with requests for information from government agencies and regulators. The information we provide them must be truthful and accurate. Never alter or destroy documents or records in response to an investigation or other lawful request.

You should also consult with the CCO, the VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department before responding to any non-routine requests. If you are in doubt, ask one of the resources available to you for guidance.

Q: *I am an **onsemi** employee. In my spare time, I contribute to an industry-related blog, where I predict and discuss changes in the market as well as advancements in research and development. I am careful not to share any of **onsemi** confidential proprietary information, basing my contributions solely on publicly available information. After a recent posting, I have been contacted by a journalist regarding **onsemi** involvement in pending litigation. I happen to know that these allegations are false. I respond to the journalist to let her know this, and also to let her know that I do not appreciate her contacting me personally regarding my Company. Do I need to tell anyone about this?*

A: Yes, you do. Your correspondence with the journalist was not appropriate. If a member of the media contacts you directly to ask questions about **onsemi**, you should not respond. You should explain the circumstances that led up to this journalist contacting you to the Media Relations (External Communications) department, so that **onsemi** can ensure you are acting within our Disclosure Policy and other related policies. Responding to this journalist without being authorized to do so allows for the possibility for misinformation. When in doubt, ask before acting. Also, for information on the appropriate use of social media, please see the [“Social Media and Internet Use”](#) section of this Code.



GOVERNMENTS

GOVERNMENTS

We comply with the laws of the countries in which we operate.

Anti-Corruption Laws

We must abide by all anti-corruption laws everywhere we do business, without exception. This includes the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (FCPA), which applies to our businesses globally, and other similar applicable anti-corruption laws in each country where we do business. Anti-corruption laws, in general, prohibit offering or paying anything of value — including cash, gifts, travel, meals and entertainment — to any government official to influence the performance of official functions and to retain or obtain business. Government officers or employees at any level — including employees of labor unions, political parties and state-owned or state-controlled enterprises, as well as candidates for public office — may be considered “government officials.”

We must also ensure that our distributors, agents, consultants and other business partners refrain from engaging in corrupt practices on our behalf. We cannot make any payment to a business partner, or any third party, if it will be used for a prohibited payment. When we engage with business partners, we do our utmost to ensure that they demonstrate high standards of ethical conduct.

Many anti-corruption laws also require that we maintain accurate and transparent books and records. Every one of us, regardless of the country in which we work, must abide by these requirements, even where corrupt practices may be expected or customary.

As a reminder, our Company prohibits all forms of bribery, not just bribery involving government officials. See the [“Sales and Marketing,”](#) [“Doing Business with Others,”](#) [“Purchasing Practices”](#) and [“Gifts and Entertainment”](#) sections of this Code for more information.

Q: *I am currently overseeing the team that is upgrading a new **onsemi** manufacturing facility. Local law enforcement has halted construction, citing an expired work permit. I don't think that this claim is legitimate, but it is the only thing keeping us from making headway on this project, so I am seeking a renewal. The law enforcement agents I'm working with have all but demanded I pay them a fee to have this permit reinstated. What should I do?*

A: Don't pay the agents any money until you've talked to your BEL, the CCO or the Law Department. You are likely being asked to pay a bribe, which is prohibited by the FCPA and the anti-corruption laws in many of the countries in which we work. Law enforcement agents are considered government officials, and the laws that govern our interactions with them are very strict. Paying bribes to them is not just unethical — it is also illegal. By reporting the incident right away, you can receive proper guidance from **onsemi**'s Law Department.

Crossing National Borders

As a global company, we deliver our products around the world. When engaging in importing or exporting, we comply with applicable U.S. and other national and international laws, regulations and restrictions. An “export” occurs when a product, service, technology or piece of information is shipped to a citizen of another country — regardless of where they are located. It can also occur when technology, technical information or software is provided in any way — including verbally — to a citizen of another country. Before you engage in any export activity, verify the eligibility of the shipping location and recipient. You must also obtain all required licenses and permits, as well as pay all proper duties.

In addition, “importing” occurs when we bring goods or services we purchase from one country into another. This activity is also subject to various laws and regulations. In particular, importing may require us to pay duties and taxes, or submit certain filings.

If you travel internationally on Company business, you are subject to laws governing what you import and export. We are each responsible for knowing the laws that apply to us. If in doubt, check with the Import/Export Compliance Manager or Law Department for guidance.

Q: *I am preparing a large shipment to send to another country. Prior to shipment, my customer contact tells me that, after receiving the shipment from our Company, she is responsible for delivering those products elsewhere. Specifically, she will be exporting the products to another customer, in a country I happen to know is blacklisted. This surprised me, but I didn't say anything. After all, since our Company is not shipping the products directly to the blacklisted country, it doesn't affect us. Did I do the right thing?*

A: Not in this case. When engaging in export activity, we have a responsibility to know where our products are going, and to whom they are being delivered. Since the customer told you that she intends to send this product to a country with which we are prohibited from doing business, you have knowledge of the end user. Knowing that this is occurring, and not reporting the situation immediately, potentially exposes **onsemi** — even if we do not directly export the product to the blacklisted country.

Economic Sanctions and Boycotts

No matter where in the world we are conducting business, we have a duty to follow economic sanctions and trade embargoes. Such sanctions are typically used by countries to support foreign policy and national security. If you are unsure whether your trade activities comply with applicable sanctions and trade embargoes, you should consult the Import/Export Compliance Manager or Law Department for guidance.

A number of countries have also enacted laws that prohibit companies like **onsemi** from participating in or cooperating with an unsanctioned international boycott. It is important that we comply with all anti-boycott laws that apply to our work. If you receive a request to boycott an individual or country, report the situation to the Import/Export Compliance Manager immediately.

Money Laundering

Our duty to comply with all laws means we are committed to the global fight against money laundering. “Money laundering” is the process by which persons or groups try to conceal illegal funds, or otherwise try to make the sources of their illicit funds look legitimate. To prevent money laundering, it is important for us to perform “know your customer” due diligence on customers, suppliers and other business partners who wish to do business with our Company.

In particular, if your work involves the selection of or procurement from third parties, be on the lookout for red flags that may signal money laundering activities. For example, ensure that parties you are doing business with and their management maintain a physical presence, are engaged in legitimate business and have proper compliance processes in place. Beware of unusual transactions (such as large cash payments) and report any suspicious activity to the Law Department or CCO, or the VP, Ethics and CSR without alerting the third party.



CONFLICTS OF INTEREST



CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

We make business decisions based on the best interests of our Company.

General Guidance

When it comes to business decisions, our actions must be based on the best interests of our Company. We must not allow our personal activities, investments or relationships to interfere with those of **onsemi**. Such “conflicts of interest” must be actively avoided in order for us to continue to perform our jobs objectively. Many types of conflicts may arise. Below are

some of the more common examples of conflict situations. Keep in mind that, while having a conflict of interest is not always a violation of our Code, not disclosing the conflict is. For this reason, you are required to disclose to your manager, supervisor, BEL or the CCO all conflicts of interest.

Outside Employment

Our Company recognizes that, at times, we may seek outside employment. However, we may not work for or receive payments from any competitor, customer, distributor or supplier of **onsemi** without prior approval. Even where approval is granted, we must take appropriate steps to separate Company and non-Company activities. Any outside work you perform must not hinder your duties at **onsemi**. In addition, you

should never use Company property or time for any outside employment. If you are considering outside employment and are unsure about whether it needs approval, ask your manager, supervisor, BEL, Human Resources, the CCO or the VP, Ethics and CSR. In countries where applicable, see also your Employee Handbook on this topic.

Q: *I have worked at **onsemi** for many years. I'm considering using some of the skills and knowledge I've acquired through my work at **onsemi** to offer additional services to our existing customers. I won't conduct my personal business during work hours, and wouldn't think of using our Company's assets to further my own interests. May I do this?*

A: No. Starting a side business that offers services to existing **onsemi** customer base is a conflict of interest. Receiving payments from a customer raises issues for both you and **onsemi** — especially if your business competes with any of the services our Company offers. Keep in mind that it is not acceptable to perform work for any third parties with whom our Company conducts business without prior approval. Also remember that, by disclosing the potential conflicts before acting, **onsemi** can help you make the best possible decision for all involved.

Board Memberships

Just as with outside employment, it is important to disclose any outside board memberships. If you serve on a board of directors or similar body for an outside company or government agency, you must obtain the advance approval in writing from the CCO, Law Department or the **onsemi**

Board of Directors. Helping the community by serving on boards of nonprofit or community organizations is encouraged, and does not require prior approval. See the Company's Corporate Governance Principles for additional information on this topic.

Family Members and Close Personal Relationships

Conflicts of interest may also arise when we work with our relatives or close friends. In particular, we must not share a reporting relationship with relatives. Being in a situation where we are responsible for evaluating, promoting or making hiring decisions about relatives or close friends may create the appearance of favoritism or preferential treatment. If such a situation arises, disclose it to your manager or supervisor immediately. To be clear, "relatives" include spouses, children, stepchildren, parents, stepparents, siblings, in-laws, uncles, aunts, nieces, nephews and spouses of any of the above. Relatives also include individuals in a romantic, dating or other intimate or committed relationship; or individuals sharing a significant living arrangement or financial or business relationship that could influence preferential treatment in the workplace. For more information on working with relatives, see our [Employment of Relatives Policy](#).

In addition, we must not use personal influence to get our Company to do business with a company in which our family members or friends may have an interest. If you have relatives or close friends that work for a company **onsemi** does business with, you should let your manager or supervisor know immediately. Be sure to discuss any difficulties that might arise, and take appropriate steps to minimize conflicts of interest.

Further, relationships with prospective or existing suppliers, contractors, customers, competitors or regulators must not affect our independent and sound judgment on behalf of our Company. Remember, the important thing is to avoid even the appearance of bias. If such a situation arises, disclose the facts to your manager or supervisor immediately.

Loans to Employees and Directors

A conflict may also arise when an employee or director, or a member of that person's family, receives improper personal benefits as a result of their position at **onsemi**. When we make loans to fellow employees or guarantees of another person's obligations for personal reasons, it

may also create a conflict of interest. In fact, most loans made to directors and officers are prohibited by law. Before accepting any such loans or guarantees, seek advice from the Law Department.

Investments

Sometimes, our personal investments might affect or appear to affect our ability to make unbiased business decisions on our Company's behalf. It is most likely to create the appearance of a conflict if we have an investment in a competitor, supplier, customer, distributor or similar party with whom **onsemi** conducts business. Our investment in such companies

must not be so significant that it could influence — or appear to influence — our judgment on Company issues. If there is any doubt about how an investment might be perceived, it should be disclosed to your manager, supervisor or BEL, and discussed with the CCO, the VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department.

Corporate Opportunities

In the course of our work at **onsemi**, we may come across information regarding business opportunities in which our Company may be interested. We must never pursue such opportunities for our personal benefit. Doing so can create a serious conflict. Just as we may not

take an opportunity for ourselves, we may not direct others to do so in our place. In addition, we do not, directly or indirectly, buy or acquire rights to any property or materials if we know that our Company may be interested in pursuing such an opportunity.

Gifts and Entertainment

Exchanging gifts and entertainment is a common practice in many locations where we work. Appropriate exchanges for business purposes can help foster goodwill between our Company and other companies or individuals with whom we do business. Gifts are not always physical objects. They might be services, favors or other items of value. Entertainment can be a meal, a sporting event or other outing that includes a representative of both **onsemi** and the other party. Please remember that any gift or entertainment must be unsolicited and must adhere to all policies of both the provider's and the recipient's businesses.

Gifts and Entertainment Received by Employees and Directors of **onsemi**

When working in our capacity as employees or directors of **onsemi**, we may not accept gifts that are excessive in value. If you are offered or receive a gift of significant value, you should discuss it with your manager, supervisor, BEL, the CCO, the VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department. Where possible, seek advance approval for such gifts. Further, we do not accept bribes, kickbacks or payoffs. Accepting such improper payments from others is illegal and unethical.

We also do not accept entertainment that is excessive in value. In most cases, we can accept entertainment that is reasonable, customary and infrequent in the context of the business. This includes accompanying a business associate to a cultural or sporting event, or to a business meal. Speak with your manager, supervisor, your BEL, the CCO, the VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department before accepting any entertainment that may affect or appear to affect our independent judgment.

If accepting the entertainment might appear to influence your independent judgment on behalf of **onsemi** or may otherwise seem inappropriate, turn down the offer, pay the true value of the entertainment yourself or discuss the situation with your manager, supervisor, your BEL, the CCO, the VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department.

In some rare situations, it would be impractical or harmful to refuse entertainment or return a gift. When this happens, discuss the situation with your manager, supervisor, your BEL, the CCO, the VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department. They can help you determine the best course of action to protect you and **onsemi**, as well as the business relationship.

Q: *A few potential suppliers have submitted proposals to our Company and I play a significant role in the selection process. One of these potential suppliers sent me tickets to a local sporting event with a card that indicates the supplier "looks forward to future business." I would love to take my family to this event and I don't feel like the gift makes me biased in any way. May I accept the tickets?*

A: Likely not. You should report the gift to your manager, supervisor or BEL right away to determine the proper course of action. However, keep in mind that anti-corruption laws apply to even the appearance of bias. So, if you accept the gift and this supplier ends up winning the contract, it could appear as though you accepted a bribe. Another factor to consider is that the supplier would not be attending the event with you. This immediately rules out the possibility of the event having a business purpose.

Gifts and Entertainment Given by or Provided by onsemi

Some business situations call for giving gifts. Any gifts we offer must be legal, reasonable and approved in advance by a manager or supervisor. Just as we never accept bribes, we must also never pay them.

We may provide entertainment that is reasonable, customary and infrequent in the context of the business. If you have a concern about whether providing entertainment is appropriate, discuss it with your manager, supervisor, BEL, the CCO, VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department in advance.

It is important to understand that gift-giving and entertainment practices vary among cultures. Our local gifts and entertainment policies and

guidelines address this. Ask your manager, supervisor or BEL if you have one for your region.

We do not provide illegal forms of entertainment, nor do we offer entertainment that violates the policy of the recipient's government or organization. The employees of many government entities around the world are prohibited from accepting gifts or entertainment. For this reason, you should obtain approval from your manager or supervisor before entertaining a government official or before gifts are offered to any third party, including government officials. For gifts or entertainment above a nominal value, seek approval from your BEL, the CCO, the VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department. See our [Gifts, Entertainment and Hospitality Policy](#) for additional information.

Q: *I am sending out holiday gift baskets to some of our valued customers this season, as a way of thanking them for their business. The baskets are modest in value, and I would like to include multipurpose gift cards, among other things. One of our customers has a strict policy against receiving gifts, but I don't want to treat this customer unfairly. What should I do?*

A: It is **onsemi** policy not to give gifts of cash or cash equivalents such as gift cards, so the inclusion of multipurpose gift cards would not be appropriate. In fact, the only exception to this policy has been in cases of weddings or funerals in locations where local custom calls for cash gifts. In these cases, we are required to request waivers to the prohibition on cash gifts. See the "[Waivers of the Code of Business Conduct](#)" section at the end of the Code for more detail. Even in cases where a gift would otherwise be allowed under **onsemi** Company policy, **onsemi** respects the policies of the gift recipient's organization. This means you should refrain from sending gift baskets to customers with such policies and instead talk to your manager, supervisor or BEL about acceptable alternatives. See our [Gifts, Entertainment and Hospitality Policy](#) for more information.

Travel

Acceptance of Travel Expenses

We may generally accept transportation and lodging costs provided by a supplier or other third party, so long as the trip is for a valid business purpose, and does not affect or appear to affect our independent judgment. Such provision of transportation or lodging must also be approved in advance by your manager or supervisor. All travel costs accepted must be accurately recorded in your travel expense records.

Providing Travel

Unless prohibited by law or the policy of the

recipient's organization, our Company may pay transportation and lodging expenses incurred by customers, agents or suppliers in connection with a visit to an **onsemi** facility or product installation. The visit must be for a business purpose, however. Examples include an on-site visit to examine equipment, or participate in training.

In particular, records must be kept for travel by government officials that is sponsored or paid for by our Company. Any such sponsorship must be approved in advance by the CCO, VP, Ethics and CSR or the Law Department and a Senior Vice President or above at **onsemi**.

Waivers of the Code of Business Conduct

Waivers are granted only in rare circumstances and after careful deliberation. If you believe that an exception to any of the guidelines set forth in this Code should be considered, contact your immediate supervisor. If your immediate supervisor agrees that an exception should be considered, he or she can seek advice from a BEL, in consultation with the CCO, VP, Ethics and CSR and Board of Directors, if necessary. Waivers granted to the principal

executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, persons performing similar functions, or any other executive officers of **onsemi**, and waivers granted to its directors, will be granted only by the Board of Directors. Such waivers will be disclosed to the public as and when required by the laws and rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and NASDAQ.

Interpretations

The CCO, VP, Ethics and CSR has been designated by the Board of Directors as the person ultimately responsible for interpreting and applying the guidelines in this Code to specific situations in which questions may arise. As an **onsemi** employee, you should contact your designated BEL within your organization to

raise any compliance and ethics issues related to the Code. You may also call the Compliance and Ethics Helpline on an anonymous basis (see the "[Reporting Concerns](#)" section at the beginning of the Code) or contact the CCO or the VP, Ethics and CSR directly.

onsemi Employee and Director Acknowledgment Form Code of Business Conduct

I have read the Code of Business Conduct and I certify that:

- I understand the Code of Business Conduct
- To the best of my knowledge, I am in compliance with the Code of Business Conduct
- I will continue to comply with the terms of the Code of Business Conduct and the terms of any revisions made to it
- All conflicts of interests have been disclosed to my manager, supervisor, BEL, or to Human Resources, the Chief Compliance Officer or the VP, Ethics and CSR (see "[Conflict of Interest](#)" section of the Code of Business Conduct for more information)

I understand that, subject to local laws and regulations, failure to sign this Acknowledgment Form or to comply with terms of the Code of Business Conduct could result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination. I also understand that I will be expected to read and acknowledge my compliance with the Code of Business Conduct on an annual basis.

Name (printed)

Signature

Employee or Commerce ID

Date

A MESSAGE FROM OUR CEO

onsemi is driving disruptive innovations to help build a better, more sustainable future. While this is a big statement and must remain a key tenet in our day-to-day lives, it is critical that we remain steadfast and honor our ethical foundation. The semiconductor industry and our target application markets are incredibly competitive. Whether you are a new employee or have been a part of the **onsemi** team for years, it is important to reflect regularly on who we are and how we conduct ourselves in the course of doing business. We must not lose sight of who we are and what we stand for.

We are **onsemi**; a team of talented individuals that live our core values of respect, integrity and initiative. They are not just words, but a mindset that flows through every interaction or decision we make on behalf of our company.

Our Code of Business Conduct (“Code”) outlines the broad principles of legal and ethical business conduct embraced by our company. The Code also provides detailed information and resources to assist you in the event you are faced with ethical issues or concerns. At **onsemi**, we take our Code seriously and expect our team worldwide to uphold these principles. We will take every effort to protect the confidentiality of team members that report concerns anonymously using our Ethics Helpline. We will not tolerate acts of retaliation against any employee who, in good faith, seeks guidance or raises a concern.

Our Code embodies ethical and legal guidelines for each of us to apply in our day-to-day business dealings, as well as personal activities that relate to our company. While it does not cover all legal or ethical situations we may face, it does summarize many of the laws that we must know and follow in the locations where we do business. We encourage you to report any and all concerns regarding failure to comply with those laws to our chief compliance officer or any member of the law department. By acknowledging our Code every year, we are all agreeing to follow the same high ethical standards as our fellow colleagues.

We are all proud of our company, products, reputation and commitment to doing business with honesty and integrity. Please join me and our board of directors in a renewed commitment to our Code this year.

Thank you in advance for taking the time to review our Code and to live by it each day as an employee of **onsemi**.

Hassane El-Khoury

President and CEO

ADDENDUM

COUNTRY	HELPLINE NUMBER	AT THE ENGLISH PROMPT, DIAL
Australia	1-800-94-8150	
Belgium	0-800-748-19	
Canada	1-844-935-0213	
China	400-120-0176	
Czech Republic	800-142-490	
Finland	0800-41-3682	
Germany	0-800-0010086	
Hong Kong	800-964-146	
India	000-800-9191055	
Ireland	1-800-851-150	
Israel	1-809-477-265	
Italy	800-761697	
Japan	0800-123-2333	
Korea	00798-11-003-9294	
Malaysia	1-800-81-9976	
Netherlands	0800-0224703	
Philippines (Alabang, Carmona, Cebu)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Landline or Mobile with Smart, Digitel/Sun Providers: 1800-1322-0333 • Mobile with Globe Provider: 105-11, at the English prompt dial 844-935-0213 • Factory landline: 4567 	
Philippines (Tarlac)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Landline or Mobile with Smart, Digitel/Sun Providers: 1800-1322-0333 • Mobile with Globe Provider: 105-11, at the English prompt dial 844-935-0213 • Factory landline: **123 	
Romania	0800-890-295	
Russia	8-800-301-83-98	
Singapore	800-492-2389	
Slovakia	0800-002-591	
Slovenia	080-688802	
Spain	900-999-372	
Sweden	020-88-15-32	
Switzerland	0800-000-092	
Taiwan	00801-49-1584	
Thailand	18-0001-4543	
Turkey	0800-621-2119	
United Kingdom	0800-098-8332	
United States	1-844-935-0213	
Vietnam (VNPT)	1-201-0288	844-935-0213
Vietnam (Viettel)	1-228-0288	844-935-0213
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